

**YESTERDAY'S WEATHER**  
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU  
June 10, 1918—Last twenty-  
four hours' rainfall .90. Tem-  
perature Min. 71; Max. 79.  
Weather, Cloudy.

# Hawaiian Gazette

**FOOD FORECAST FOR TODAY**  
All Meats Meatless and One Wheatless

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1918.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NUMBER 4746

## SLAUGHTER OF HUNS ALREADY MARKS NEW OFFENSIVE AS GERMAN DEFEAT

**Reckless Sacrifices Bringing No  
Benefits To Rupprecht But  
Battle Rages On**

**EVERY FOOT THE FOE ADVANCES  
ADDS TO HIS DISADVANTAGE**

**Allies Thoroughly Prepared Welcome  
Each Furious Onslaught As Chance  
To Kill More**

NEW YORK, June 11.—(Associated Press)—At the end of the first twenty-four hours of the bloodiest fighting of all the war the impression is gaining ground that the German offensive towards the Oise has already become a German defeat. Despite the employment of great masses of troops, hurled into the battle vortex with the greatest recklessness by the Huns, the French last night were fighting along practically the same line as at dawn. On the wings the French defense had not budged. In the center it had bent to only an insignificant degree, while all along the front the German dead were piled in heaps.

At no point has the French line been pierced and the deepest German penetration has nowhere extended beyond the "covering ground", the advanced positions between the front trenches and the real defenses prepared by the Allies. The German high command has been unusually reckless of the lives of its men and the slaughter has been appalling.

### FRENCH MOST CONFIDENT

Reports from the headquarters of the French army state that every foot of German advance on this new battlefield between Montdidier and Noyon only bring the Germans further into territory prepared in the most thorough way for defense, ground with which the Allies are thoroughly familiar and over which the German progress becomes momentarily more difficult.

The Allied staffs are fully prepared to meet any German effort on this front and are thoroughly confident of their ability to defeat and drive back any assault, whatever its strength.

### UNDIMINISHED VIOLENCE

The German offensive was maintained throughout Sunday night and kept up all day in undiminished violence along the entire twenty-one miles, with particularly furious attacks launched against the French left, south of Montdidier. These attacks were repeatedly broken up on the left, although the Germans, by pouring in masses of reinforcements, succeeded in bending the French center back through Reims-sur-Matz to the outskirts of Marquellise, making a total advance in the center of two and three-quarter miles.

The bitterest fighting came in the efforts of the Germans to drive the French from their positions on the Oise south of Noyon, the main object of Crown Prince Rupprecht being to extend the German front south on the Oise to threaten the French salient to the east, between the Oise and the Aisne. All the desperate attacks of the Germans at this point failed.

### INTO SLAUGHTER HOUSE

The Germans are striking at those very places where the Allies have been braced to receive the shock and the attackers now find themselves being thrown into a slaughter house from whence most of them will never live to make an exit.

The official reports from Paris state that the advance of the Germans in the center has given them several small villages, including Mery, Belloy and St. Maure, which they occupied after repeated assaults and after sacrificing great numbers of their men. Every foot of advance has been at a terrific cost.

### BATTLE LIKELY TO GO ON

Everywhere the French defense appears to be efficacious, with extreme violence marking every German assault and forming the dominant note of the battle. Desperate attacks with huge masses of men seem likely to continue for some days, although the real line of defense of the French has only receded at one point, that south of Reims-sur-Matz.

Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters says that the battle was raging last night in undiminished violence, the Germans having attacked with fury from early morning. The reckless efforts of the enemy were bringing them no commensurate gains.

### BERLIN IS RETICENT

On their right wing, below Noyon, the French yesterday took more than five hundred prisoners, who agree in their reports that the German losses have been extremely heavy.

Berlin, officially reporting on the fighting along this new front, describes it as a French offensive, the wireless despatch sent out saying: "The Germans are holding their line against newly brought up French forces southwest of Noyon. The war office officially states that eight thousand prisoners have been taken in this new offensive."

## FATAL ACCIDENTS AT FLYING CAMPS

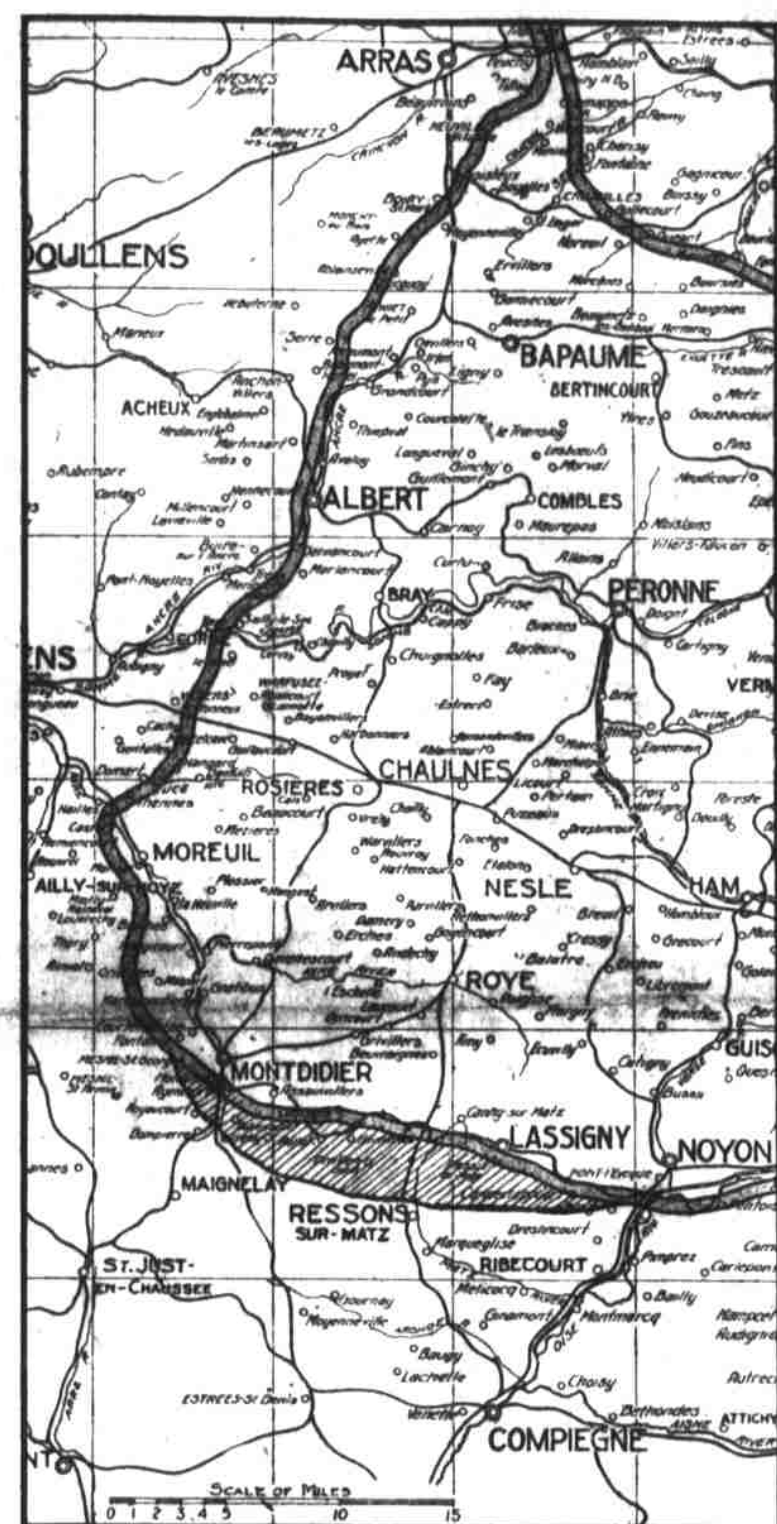
WASHINGTON, June 11.—(Associated Press)—Two fatal airplane accidents in training camps were reported yesterday. At Arcadia, Florida, a machine carrying Lieut. Benjamin Haisland and Cadet Caston, both of Pennsylvania, crashed to the ground. The lieutenant was killed and the cadet injured. Almost a parallel accident happened at Aberdeen, Mississippi, Lieut. Clark Owen of Michigan being killed and his air companion, a student, being injured.

## DANIELS TELLS TIMES RAID IS A FAILURE

WASHINGTON, June 11.—(Official)—Secretary Daniels stated yesterday to the London Times, calling that the German submarine raid off the Atlantic coast had been unable to hamper the movement of American troops overseas nor interfere with the traffic along the regular sea lanes.

**AIKOKU MARU FLOATED**  
SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—(Official)—The Aikoku Maru, which was reported to have grounded upon a dangerous ledge has been safely floated and brought to a Pacific port.

**PORTION OF THE WESTERN FRONT**—Showing the sector now being attacked in the latest German drive towards Paris. The shaded portion of this map indicates the German gains up to yesterday noon, since which time the line in the center has been pushed south of Reims-sur-Matz. Along this shaded strip has been some of the bloodiest fighting of all the bloody war, with the Germans suffering terrific losses and gaining nothing whatever of value.



## GOMPERS POINTS TO DUTIES OF LABOR

**Must Be No Strike That Cannot  
Be Justified To Men Who Are  
Fighting In France**

ST. PAUL, June 10.—(Official)—Words of ringing patriotism marked the opening address of President Samuel Gompers as the keynote of the national convention of the American Federation of Labor.

Gompers presented to the convention the report of its executive council which said in part: "Autocracy, militarism and irresponsible diplomacy must perish. Democracy, justice, freedom and absolute confidence between the governments of the world and between the governments and the people must triumph."

Gompers told the delegates that the American workman will be satisfied only with a peace through which German war machine shall be overthrown and destroyed and said they must be prepared to make great sacrifices and to labor untiringly to the end that a maximum of production be maintained.

## RAILROAD FARES GO HIGHER ON MAINLAND

WASHINGTON, June 11.—(Official)—Higher railroad fares have gone into effect on the mainland on all of the government-controlled railroads. The two cents a mile basis ended at midnight last night and the new charge of three cents a mile, with additional charge for Pullman car or similar car service, went into effect.

## INTERVENTION IN SIBERIA IMPENDS

**Diplomats Recommend To Home  
Governments That Japanese  
Should Take Action**

HARBIN, June 10.—(Associated Press)—In the hope of receiving aid from the Japanese and Chinese and perhaps from the Entente and from the United States, Semenov is holding the Bolsheviks off. He is reported to have driven back those of them who crossed the Onon River although he is heavily outnumbered.

In spite of the fact that Semenov is hourly expecting the arrival of assistance from the Japanese first it is officially denied that Japanese troops are moving in his direction. It is admitted, however, that definite movements on the part of the Japanese and Chinese to be followed by joint operations, are imminent.

It is learned that the diplomatic forces of the other nations at war with the Central Powers have strongly recommended Japanese intervention and have sent those recommendations to their home governments. This recommendation is said to include the American.

## ENTER RUSSIA IS ADVISED BY TAFT

WASHINGTON, June 11.—(Associated Press)—Speaking in Newark, New Jersey, yesterday, former President Taft strongly advised that the United States should enter Russia in order to proceed against the enemy.

"We must enter Russia," said the ex-President, "and we must make and defend an Eastern front."

## MARINES MAKE ANOTHER GAIN DRIVING HUNS BACK A MILE

**Clear Belleu Woods of Foemen,  
Charging Over Dead Huns and  
Capturing Two Trench Weapons  
In Their Advance**

### READY FOR ATTACK ON AMIENS FRONT

**Italian Headquarters Reports  
Austrians About Ready For  
Another Drive and Making  
Many Local Attacks**

PARIS, June 11.—(Associated Press)—American marines launched a new attack upon the Prussian lines north west of Chateau Thierry, on the Marne front, yesterday, penetrating the enemy's position along a six hundred yard front to a depth of two-thirds of a mile. The attack practically cleared the Germans out of Belleu Woods, leaving them with only a foothold up on the northern edge.

The Marines carried through their attack impetuously, the advance being over the bodies of dead and wounded Germans, whose losses were heavy. Two machine-guns were captured.

In the neighborhood of Bouresches the French and Americans continued their attacks upon the German lines, gaining front and adding to the number of their prisoners.

General Pershing, reporting on the fighting on this sector on Sunday, says that a heavy German attack upon the American line was repulsed, the enemy being heavily killed.

The Americans holding positions south of Montdidier, on the edge of the present offensive of the Germans in their new drive, were heavily bombarded on Sunday, the Americans southeast of Amiens being likewise attacked by artillery. On both sectors the Samurais were prepared for an infantry attack to follow the shelling, but this did not develop.

**British In Brush**  
There were German attacks upon various British positions yesterday, one of the heaviest being at Albert. All were thrown back. Last night there were only artillery duels to be reported by General Haig.

Early in the day the British launched a local attack south of the Somme, making slight gains in the neighborhood of Beaucourt. While the gain in territory was small, the advance enabled the British considerably to improve their position at this point.

Opinions on the general situation were made yesterday by Premier Clemenceau, who, referring to the fighting south of Noyon, said: "It has been a perfectly satisfactory day," and by General Foch. The Entente command in chief, in a published article, says that the Allies will assume the offensive in good time and when they do they will win.

**Austrian Drive Soon**  
There has been a marked increase in the activity of the Austrians along the Italian front, with every indication that another great drive is to be attempted there. Italian headquarters reports that the railroads behind the Austrian lines are being rushed to their full capacity, day and night, bringing forward troops and munitions.

Yesterday's reports from this front state that the artillery work is being vastly increased and that the Austrians have attempted a number of local surprise attacks, in none of which they have been successful. The Italians are rushing generally.

Increased activity along the Macedonian front is also reported.

## PROJECTILE LOADING PLANT IS COMPLETED

**One of Four Great Establish-  
ments For the Government**

WASHINGTON, June 10.—(Official)—One of four great plants built for the government for the loading of projectiles has been completed, it was announced by Secretary Baker today. This is the first of the four that were authorized and for which appropriation was made. Another will be completed and in readiness for operations next month and the remaining two in August.

Each of these plants will have cost about \$5,000,000 and they cover from 2000 to 5000 acres each. They will have a daily capacity for about 150,000 shells.

Many private plants are already in operation and in them there are employed many women.

## Coal Supply Is Cut For Makers of Passenger Autos

**Will Be Reduced To One-fourth of  
Last Year—Cutting Supply of  
Non-Essentials Is Stimulating  
Nation's Demand**

WASHINGTON, June 11.—(Associated Press)—Curtailed in the use of coal will result in a heavy curtailment in the output of the automobile factories that manufacture passenger automobiles and is likely to result in a speedy clearing out of new cars from the market.

Announcement was made by Fuel Administrator Garfield yesterday that beginning on August 1 the supply of coal for the use of manufacturers of passenger automobiles is to be further curtailed and from that time forward until further notice will be limited to twenty-five percent of their last year's consumption.

The monthly report of the federal reserve banking board tells of the effect that has followed the orders for the curtailment of the production of non-essential goods. It is noted that this curtailment has greatly stimulated the demand for such goods, especially in the case of pumping machines. The inclination is to purchase the articles before the supply in the market shall be exhausted and the reduction in automobile output is expected to be followed by a similar demand.

Business throughout the United States is reported to be good with wartime orders tending to crowd out those for goods needed by the civilian population.

## CHINESE ANXIOUS TO GET INTO WARFARE

**Millions Available For Use Over-  
seas If Needed**

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—(Official)—High praise for the Chinese as fighting men and the report that millions of them are available for the use of the Allies overseas, were voiced by G. G. Smith of Tsintao, recently arrived here from the Orient.

Chinese are available as fighters and as workers in millions, he said, provided they shall be needed and transportation can be furnished to them. He noted that 120,000 from Shanghai had eagerly joined the Chinese labor corps that is now in France. Hundreds were rejected because of physical defects but they were not deterred or discouraged by refusals of their services and sought repeatedly to get into the corps or some line of war service for the Allies.

## HUN BOMBERS OF HOSPITALS BUSY

LONDON, June 11.—(Associated Press)—Under Secretary McPherson of the war office told the house of commons yesterday that the Germans had sent air raiding parties to bomb the British hospitals in France seven times between May 15 and June 1, many of the bombing squadrons being in large force. These hospital bombers had inflicted nine hundred and ninety-one casualties upon sick and wounded men, hospital attendants and Red Cross nurses, the number of deaths resulting being three hundred and forty-eight.

## SEVENTY-FOUR NAMES ON CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, June 11.—(Associated Press)—Yesterday's casualty list announced by the war department is: Killed in action, thirteen; died of wounds, five; killed in airplane accident, one; died of disease, one; died from accident, one; total deaths from all causes, twenty-one. There were forty-six severely wounded and seven wounded to a degree not yet determined.

## SMALLPOX EPIDEMIC HITS GREAT KRUPP WORKS HARD

THE HAGUE, Netherlands, June 10.—(Associated Press)—A despatch from a neutral correspondent based on advice from Germany, says that there is an epidemic of black smallpox in the Krupp plant with four or five deaths daily. The epidemic is attributed to underfeeding and insanitary conditions.

## REDUCE COAL USE

BIRMINGHAM, England, May 30.—(Associated Press)—A national scheme for household coal to apply to the whole country was decided upon at a conference here this week. A reduction in the coal for household use is being urged in order to avoid rationing supply for industrial purposes.

## AMERICA WILL HAVE WORLD'S RECORD FLEET IN FEW YEARS

**Merchantmen Will Carry Stars  
and Stripes Into Every Port  
and Link America To Every  
Land Predicts Hurley**

### LEAD OF BRITAIN WILL PASS AWAY

Half a Million Tons a Month This Year and More Than a Million Tons a Month Next Year Is Expected

SOUTH BEND, Indiana, June 11.—(Associated Press)—By 1920 the United States will have a merchant fleet totalling twenty-five million tons, the largest fleet under one flag ever in the history of the world.

Ships flying the Stars and Stripes along the trade routes by that time will have cost a total of five billions of dollars. They will ply through every ocean, linking up America with Central and South America, with the Orient, with Russia, with Australia and with Europe.

### FIGURES BY HURLEY

Such is the confident prediction made here last night in an address by Edward N. Hurley, chairman of the shipping board, who stated that he expected the shipping output of the American yards this year to amount to more than three million tons, while the yards next year will launch ships of a total tonnage of thirteen and a half million.

This latter figure is more than Great Britain, heretofore the greatest shipbuilding country of the world has ever been able to reach, in any five years, said Mr. Hurley.

Since the United States entered the war, her merchant fleet has been increased by four and a half million tons. Before the end of the year, American yards will be adding to this to the extent, he expects, of half a million tons every month.

## AVIATION CAMP IS QUICKLY COMPLETED

**Only Sixty Days Required To  
Make Ready For Students**

A WESTERN AVIATION CAMP, June 10.—(Official)—Marking the opening of this new camp today the first of many students in flying arrived this morning.

This camp covers an area of 784 acres and its construction has cost \$1,000,000. It is remarkable for its rapid construction for it has been completed in sixty days after the start was made.

There are now ready accommodations for 1500 aviators and students. On the premises there are fifty-seven buildings of various sizes and types and they are equipped with every modern device that is known to aviation.

## DIVER RAIDERS MAY BE WITH THEIR CONVOY

NORFOLK, Virginia, June 10.—(Associated Press)—Survivors of the Pinar del Rio, American steamer torpedoed seventy miles off the American coast, assert that they saw a "mother ship" of 6000 tons in the vicinity of the submarine.

## WILL POOL RESOURCES

WASHINGTON, June 10.—(Associated Press)—Government officials of Allied department are working on a plan to pool all resources of the United States and the Allies into one vast economic and war machine. These plans will soon be presented to President Wilson.